Dock Extension Plans Will Go To Commission

BOB MILLER Times Staff Writer

Design plans on a 271-foot ex-| The engineer said his firm tension to the dock at the Port still is planning on a 600-foot of Anchorage will go before the north extension, but only the ort Commission tonight.

Making the presentation will boards. Plans for the remain-

be Tetsu Yasuda, an engineer with Tippetts, Abbett, McCarlater, he indicated. thy and Stratton, the firm in Plans call for the extension to charge of plans for the exten- be 69 feet wide, but an alternate proposal calling for a width Yasuda said today the exten- of 47 feet also had been prepar sion probably will cost "slightly ed, Yasuda said. The narrower

New Port

Extension

Unveiled

The Anchorage Port Commission

last night approved phase one plans

submitted by engineers for additional

dock space at the Port of Anchorage.

THE 271-FOOT dock extension,

to cost in excess of \$1 million, was

the subject of nearly two hours dis-

cussion before the plans were ap-

proved subject to changes which might

be required by other city departments. City Manager Ben Marsh told the

members he would insist on written re-

ports from all city agencies concerned

with approving dock plans before ask-

ing for final approval from the Port

Commission and the City Council.

Final approval rests with council ac-

tion. Marsh indicated such action

could come as early as February 27.

Tatsu Yasuda, engineer represent-

ing Tippits-Abbott-McCarthey-Stratton *

Engineers and Architects of Seattle presented the 17-page plan plan to the

THE NEW DOCK facility will re-

place the extension ruined last year

during breakup. Some material sal-

vaged from that dock can be used by

contractors in building the projected

accomodate vessels to 35,000 tons dis-

placement, Full ship service facilities

via fresh water and electrical outlets

will be provided, plus crane rails and

call for extra strength material de-

signed to aid in resisting maximum

wind velocities of 100 miles-per-hour

and ice pressures. The entire structure

is designed to withstand lateral forces

equal to 10 per cent of the total dock

TWENTY-FOUR INCH steel bat-

ter piles, filled with concrete, will be

used under the extension to take the

extreme pressures posed by moving ice

in the Inlet. Pre-stressed concrete pil-

ings were used in the extension that

collapsed last year. The extension was

never completed or placed in service. The City Engineer's office earlier yesterday had met with Yasuda and

approved the plans "without adverse

comment." Funding for the dock will

come from \$1 million in funds avail-

able from bond money and an estimat-

ed \$2 million in federal funds.

Specifications for concrete work

railroad tracks on the dock floor.

When completed, the dock will

facility. Yasuda said

than \$1.3 million, the extension will cost about \$100, amount that remains in the 000 less, the engineer indicated city's port construction bond Yasuda said the extension will be built of poured-in-place concrete and steel pipe piles. It will resemble the existing dock which was designed by TAMS

and built in the same manner. Some of the outside piles will be filled with concrete and those farther under the dock will be filled with sand, he said.

Anchorage Daily News, Tuesday, February 20, 1968- The dock extension has been designed to rise gradually about .006 feet per foot - so the completed 600-foot dock will be about 3.6 feet higher than the existing facility.

The old dock sunk over three feet during the 1964 earthquake. The rise will not be noticeable in the first 271 feet of construction, Yasuda said.

A total of 195 steel piles will be used in the first phase of construction and about half of them will come from the stock eft over from the ill-fated attempt to build an extension in the summer of 1966.

The partially completed extension built with prestressed concrete was severaly damaged by ice during the winter months and was demolished last sum-

The city has indicated it may be going to court within the next few weeks in a legal attempt to recover some of its losses which exceeded \$2 million.

In addition to the steel piles, the city has a number of prestressed concrete panels and piles but they will not be used in the proposed extension, port officials have said.

The deck of the new extension will be of poured-in-place concrete panels, Yasuda said. Port officials have indicated they would like to see the proj-

ect go up for bids as soon as possible so construction could start in April, but a pending economic study could delay the bid invitation. The economic study, being

done to accompany an application for federal funds, won't be completed until April 15 and the City Council has indicated it doesn't want to seek bids until. the study is completed.

Russ Painter, port director, has indicated he will call for a work session between the council and the commission to discuss the matter.

The city plans to ask the Economic Development Administration for a \$1 million grant and seek another million from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

The \$2 million would enable the city to use a total of about \$3 million for construction of a 600-foot dock extension.

Anchorage Daily Times 3 Wednesday, Dec. 20, 1967

Port Policy Is Cancelled

The port's \$1 million all risk insurance policy was candelled Dec. 14 by the Signal Insurance Co., because the company was not willing to provide a policy provision for earthquake coverage, the City Council was told Tuesday night.

R. H. Herrnsteen, manage ment analyst, said the company had a contractual right to cancel the policy and had given the required 30-day notice.

The policy, he said, has been replaced through Hartford Insurance Co., but without earthquake anf flood coverage. Efforts are continuing, he said, to find a company that will assume an all-risk policy that would include the coverage. Because of the 1964 earthquake which damaged the port and resulted in a \$2.2 million insurance settlement for the city, Herrnsteen said the placement of quake coverage is "exceedingly difficult."

As the policy stands now, he said, the city would have to pay the first \$1 million in any damages from a quake and then it would get 75 cents on the dollar up to \$5.8 million for additional damages.

Councilman Joe Josephson said the administration should inform Alaska's Congressional delegation of the problems with earthquake insurance.

The information, he said, would give them ammunition to use in fighting for Congressional approval of legislation to establish a national earthquake insurance program.

A perfect summer day is one when meone has borrowed all the garden tools and the lawn mower is broken.

Anchorage Baily Times

Sea-Land Ships Break Through Inlet Ice

staffer LaVelle Alexander, the first woman to sail up the inlet into the port of Anchorage in the winter months and the first to board a Sea-Land vessel by helicopter here, reports on the experience and describes Sea-Land's method of breaking through the inlet's win-

By LaVELLE ALEXANDER Times Staff Writer

jet ranger helicopter flying 125 miles per hour lifted Capt. Keith Collar from the Kenai Airport Sunday afternoon and mins later set him down on a rge Sea-Land cargo ship in

he captain took control of ship and brought her safely through the ice into the Port of Anchorage in what was almost an "old hat" trip for him. But Capt. Collar, harbor pilot for all Sea-Land ships coming

into the Port of Anchorage, is establishing maritime firsts for his company both by boarding his ship just off Kenai and by using a helicopter as his means boarding. The usual station for harbor

pilots to board their ships is Homer. But by boarding the ship at Kenai, Capt. Collar saves Sea-Land the four hours it takes to enter Kachemak Bay at Homer and pick up a pilot. And the usual method for boarding the ship is by meeting the ship in

When the weather restricts flying or when the ship has more than enough time to meet its schedule, Capt. Collar may board at Homer. Otherwise he uses the helicopter.

But Sea-Land, the first and only company to come into the Port of Anchorage on a regular basis during the winter months, has learned that no method is fool-proof. So they have a number of plans to fall back on in order to get the harbor pilot

Capt. Collar, who lives in An-

in a metter of minutes Sunday, a word of warning to the pas- the waiting jet ranger helicop- while to battle the ice on a get the ship up the inlet to the Meanwhile, he boards the S.S.



HARBOR PILOT TAKES OVER

Captain J. R. Nystrom, right, of the Sea-Land ship S.S. Anchorage, fills in Harbor Pilot Capt. O. K. Collar on all the necessary details shortly after he boards the ship by helicopter. Capt. Collar was once the master of another ship sailing to and from Anchorage, and he, too, took on a harbor pilot to get his ship into port through the ice.



S.S. ANCHORAGE BREAKS A NEW TRAIL

better known as the "harbormistress" and two daughters, and the prop jet the captain sengers, the pilot shot down the reaches them. He can watch strengthen the ships by putting the Pacific Far East Line in the harbor to be routing. His trip on the end of the runway and into the air. out to be routine. His trip on the end of the runway waiting Twenty minutes later, the ice to both sides of the ship plates — on the fore part of But he likes his job as harbor Sunday was a good example.

A heavy fog had enveloped Anchorage International Airport

The formula in the weather.

In the formula in the weather in a beautifully as she plows her way through the ship and by increasing the pilot for Cook Inlet, and he sees no probability in his being transfered anywhere soon.

The formula in the weather in the ship and by increasing the pilot for Cook Inlet, and he sees no probability in his being transfered anywhere soon.

The formula in the weather in the ship and by increasing the pilot for Cook Inlet, and he sees no probability in his being transfered anywhere soon.

Pilot Bud Lofstedt, owner of is now making plans to further dered what it takes to park a her back out to Kodiak. al Air Service, made a couple of passes at the ship's heliport — the tops of Sea-Land van trailers stacked closely to-

gether - and then made a smooth landing. Although the captain sees no eason to consider the helicopter landing on the ship dangerous, he admits that "it gets kind of hairy, as my kids would say,

when there's ice."

Capt. Collar stepped out of the plane and scurried down a narrow ladder placed next to the trailers. When he took charge of the ship, the weather was clear; but it was only a matter of minutes before a heavy fog rolled in over the S.S. Anchorage.

The captain of the ship, J. R. Nystrom, briefed Capt. Collar on the ship's position, speed and course and the weather condi-

With the fog so thick they could hardly see the bow of the ship, both captains agreed radar was certainly a blessing on this trip.

From the bridge where the captain directs the ship, the crunching ice sounds almost like rushing wind, but from the shelter deck down below it sounds like a tidal wave. Standing on the bridge, the

captain can see the heavy white

blankets of ice before the ship

In layman's language, the ship started into the port with its starboard side toward the dock when the captain discovered the current had changed and wouldn't permit such a move.

And the men at the port will

The captain will tell you that

So the massive ship had to back up and circle in with its port side to the dock. It took some real doing and time and maneuvering. "With a ship this size you can't afford to even touch any-

'You've got to kind of snuggle them up against the dock." Capt. Collar is not bored by his job. Before he became the harbor pilot and moved to Anchorage in October, 1966, he was master of the S.S. Seattle, another Sea-Land ship which

At first, he took on a harbor pilot to guide him up the inlet, but after several months of making the trip, he took the required The harbor pilot dons test and could make the runs

LOOKING AHEAD

his warmest clothes when

he steps into the chilly

air to take a visual bear-

the polaris stand.

When he was captain of his own ship, he got bored with the ing of shore objects with run except for the inlet, he said. The inlet was the only real challenge.
"Now I get to do the fun

part all the time," he said. Being a seaman is not new Academy in Kings Point, N.Y., and earned his master's license at the age of 23.

His son, following in his father's footsteps, just recently graduated from the same acaderny and currently is second officer aboard another Sea-Land

The captain's maritime experiences have been varied and

regular basis, and the company port. And have you ever won- Anchorage at noon today to head



A NEW MODE OF TRAVEL

A jet ranger helicopter, piloted by owner Bud Lofstedt of Kenai Air Service, right, is waiting and ready to go when Capt. Keith Collar, left, steps off a commercial plane at Kenai Airport. Within a matter of minutes, the harbor pilot is set aboard the S.S. Anchorage in the Cook Inlet. Such a procedure saves Sea-Land the four hours it would cost to board the ship by small boat

MARINE DIGEST

Standard Tanker Sets New Record

ANCHORAGE - The Standard Oil Co. of Calif., tanker Hillyer Brown, in command of Capt. William M. Shelton, has established a new service record for tankers in upper Cook Inlet's winter ice.

MARCH 2, 1968

The Hillyer Brown arrived at the Port of Anchorage on Feb. 11, with a full load of products from their Alaska refinery at Nikiski. This is the earliest date that a tanker had called at the port. The previous record was

held by the Texaco California when she arrived on March 9,

Ice conditions at the Port of Anchorage were reported to be mild, with the Brown experiencing no difficulty in berthing. Ice conditions during January were apparently lighter than

at present in the port area. Russ Painter, port director at Anchorage, points to the fact that a few years back, many claimed that the ice problem could not be beat on the sea road to Anchorage during the winter se

12 Anchorage Daily Times Thursday, Feb. 15, 1968

Port Director Saves Money; Is Given Award

Port Director Russ Painter over \$20,000 during 1967 to win during the year, Marsh said. was presented the 1967 Operation the award, according to City tion Tightbelt award Tuesday Manager Ben Marsh. Second of city operation while improvement at the City Council meet, place went to W. W. "Speed" night at the City Council meet-place went to W. W. "Speed" ing the quantity and quality of ing. Mayor George Sullivan Cassel, manager of the refuse services," Marsh said, adding made the presentation.

Painter reported savings of savings and increased revenues this year. made the presentation.