to dredge

The Army Corps of Engineers

The Corps wants to put its hopper dredge Essayons to the

test in Alaska waters. The 350foot-long seagoing dredge will be

temporarily assigned to Alaska

by the U.S. Army Corps of Engi-

neers' Portland District office

for one week of dredging in July,

said Pat Richardson, the Corps' assistant public affairs officer in

maintain a minimum turning-

uses a draghead to remove silt,

whereas most contractors have

been removing silt with a clam-

shell dredge and barging the

solids to a nearby depression, or

spoils area, in Knik Arm where it

is dumped. The Essayons uses

four inboard and submersible

pumps to drive silt through the

draghead, a U-shaped suction de-

vice that is dragged along the bottom, and into a shipboard hop-

An area 3,000 feet long and pa-

ralleling the Port of Anchorage

dock will be dredged, and an es-

timated 450,000 cubic yards of silt will be removed. Richardson

said the Essayons will leave for

Portland immediately after its

work is completed in Anchorage,

and added that no further dredg-

ing is planned for this year in An-

The Essayons was built by

Bath Iron Works, Bath, Maine, in

1982, and given the Army Corps

motto as its name. Essayons

A hopper dredge can tempo-

rarily store sediment in a 6,000-

cubic-yard "hopper," said Rich-

ardson. Two 1,450-horsepower

pumps supply the power needed

to pick up and move silt from a

depth of 94 feet. Smaller suction

dredges cannot reach the bottom

of the turning basin, especially at

high tides. Therefore, clamshells

on long cables have been used to

pick up the sedimentary depo-

move at 21/2 knots. It is a deep-

water dredge capable of working

in 10-foot-high swells. When its

hopper is full, the Essavon will lift its draghead and steam to a

The dredge has a maximum

speed of 14 knots and its main engines are two 3,600-horsepower

diesels. The dredge has a crew of

spoils area and drop its silt.

The Essayons can dredge and

means, "Let Us Try," in French.

chorage.

basin depth of 35 feet.

The Corps is obligated to

Richardson said the Essayons

this year will do its own dredging of the Port of Anchorage turning basin rather than bid out the

annual maintenance job.

city port

Corps

by Bob Peterson

Alaska.

Mayor pushes development

by Mitch Lipka

To spur economic growth in Anchorage, Mayor Tony Knowles this morning presented the Alaska Railroad Corp. with an unprecedented plan to turn 60 acres of tidal land at the mouth of Ship Creek, owned by railroad, into a major commercial development with high-rise buildings

The proposal for a municipal-

Railroad key to Ship Creek venture

Alaska Railroad safety violations

ity-railroad joint venture apparas a dock for cruise ships, a new railroad's board of directors.

ently was well received by the small boat harbor, all types of commercial development and Besides high-rise buildings, the possibility of an aquarium or the plan calls for such facilities trade building, said Tyler Jones, Alaska," Knowles said.

Anchorage port director. If the railroad agrees to enter into a partnership with the municipality, work on the project could begin this year, city offi-

'I think there is a vast opportunity for the railroad to foster a new kind of development in

with you," railroad President Frank Turpin told Knowles at the board meeting.

Jim Campbell, chairman of the board, said the railroad's directors will take formal action by Friday on the partnership request. The municipality holds an option on the land which is owned by the railroad and currently is leased to Anchorage Dredge and See Railroad, page A-12

Continued from page A-1

Dock Co. Inc.

Knowles emphasized the need to move swiftly on the project because of time constraints.

Railroad

Some 2.2 million fons of gravel — enough fill for 10 acres — will become available to the municipality this year when a new city landfill is excavated at Ft. Richardson, Jones said.

Also, interest in the project has been expressed by two "large private corporations," said municipal Community Planning Director Bill Luria.

Officials declined to identify the companies.

To show the municipality's readiness to begin work immediately, Luria told the board that between \$5 million and \$7 million in cash is available for the proj-

"So, the municipality brings a lot to the table," he said. "We do believe the time is right to move forward."

"It's an exciting proposal," Campbell said. However, the board would not take immediate action on Knowles' request for "a full commitment to the partnership concept."

"I would like some time to discuss this (with the board)," Campbell told Knowles. "We'll take some action on this before this meeting is over (Friday). We look forward to this.'

The key to Knowles' plan is for the railroad and municipality to be unified in handling the project and get a major commitment

from private industry.
In addition to the railroad owning the land, its main rail line runs past the area to be developed. Jones assured the railroad board that road access to the development will not get in the way of rail transportation.

Municipal Manager of Intergovernmental Affairs Chip Dennerlein is optimistic the railroad will make a commitment to the venture.

Public Meeting

Call to Order

Old Business

New Business

Port Director's Reports

Nautical Tours Lease Req

Persons/Items Not On Agenda VII. Items for Next Meeting Agenda

Minutes

VIII. Adjournment

Pub. 3-2-86

P.O. # 279-86

Friday, April 18, 1986, The Anchorage Times D-5

New tug-and-barge operation set to start

Totem Ocean Trailer Express will inaugurate a new tug-and-barge operation between Puget Sound and Alaska April 26.

Alaska Barge Lines will run a barge twice each month between Anchorage and Tacoma, Wash. Gordon McMillan, top executive of the new barge line — a wholly-owned subsidiary of Totem

Ocean Trailer Express, said the new service fills a market void. "We will be shipping building materials, mobile home modules, boats, machinery and other non-perishable goods," McMillan said. He said the new barge line already has more

than 70 percent of its first barge filled. The barge company will operate flat deck barge transporting containers and break-bulk cargo to the Alaska Railbelt. Its docks are located within Tote's terminals on the Blair Waterway of the Port of Tacoma, and at the Anderson terminal at the Port of Anchorage.

"We think this new operation will expand customer capacity and give us a better competitive edge in the future," McMillan said.

Tom Berry, marketing manager of Totem Ocean Trailer Express in Alaska, said the new barge line compliments the service already offered

Totem Ocean Trailer Express Inc., which has carried more than 12 billion pounds of cargo between Seattle, Tacoma and Anchorage areas, began service to Alaska Sept. 9, 1975.

During the first five years of its existence, Tote struggled against escalated fuel prices and rate wars — wars that saw the demise of smaller lines like Foss Alaska and Pacific Western Lines.

"There have been some casualties along the way but we think our excellent service will make it all work," McMillan said.

Sunday, March 2, 1986

Bringing new life to the waterfront

Anchorage is a waterfront city, but it's easy to forget that because so little of the city is built around the inlet. Mayor Tony Knowles wants to change that by attracting a major development to the mouth of Ship Creek. The idea of bringing waterfront amenities to the mudflats has been around for a long time; this latest proposal sounds promising and certainly deserves a closer look.

The mayor envisions a complex with a small boat harbor, a cruise ship dock, a park, shops, offices and residences, and a citywide attraction, such as a museum

However, many hurdles must be cleared before the mayor's dream becomes reality. Is the area seismically able to handle such a development? What effect will filling in tideflats have on Ship Creek? What could serve as the major attraction? And will private developers be interested in the terms the city and railroad could (or

Assuming the city can put together a development package, public support will depend on what the development offers and how much it costs the city. Officials say they already have \$5 million from port revenue bonds and a state grant for a small boat harbor. That could work as seed money to attract the additional private investment that will be necessary — possibly as much as \$100 million according to one maximum, backof-the-envelope estimate.

Mayor Knowles is moving fast with the idea, but heshouldn't rush it past the public. Though the administration began re-exploring the old question of waterfront development anew last summer, the Anchorage Assembly wasn't briefed on the current "concept" until Tuesday. Assembly members, sensitive to past incidents where Mayor Knowles delayed involving them, complained again.

The mayor now plans to involve the railroad and assembly in a steering committee to pursue the idea. That committee should have members from the general public, as well, and give citizens a voice in what the city does with the waterfront idea. A waterfront development at Ship Creek is a good idea whose time may finally have come, but the public needs to become more involved before the concept goes much further.

A-6 Sunday, March 2, 1986, The Anchorage Times

ANCHORAGE PORT COMMISSION

March 3, 1986

LOCATION: Terminal No. 3

Conference Room

Port of Anchorage

7:30 p.m.

4-7-86 Anc. News

Port association wants development group

United Press International

BEND, Ore. - An association representing Oregon's 23 port districts will ask the 1987 Legislature to create a state ports development commission.

Members of the Oregon Public Ports Association, ending a 3-day convention Satur- Part of the proposal asks day, voted 16-3 to ask for the legislation.

Under the association proposal, the commission's five members would be named by the governor. Other details, including qualifications of commission members and which areas of the state they would represent, have not yet been worked out.

The commission would have several purposes, includ-

• Represent port interests and capabilities in formulating state economic development, transportation, capital development and marketing. Assure a coherent and

supportive state commitment toward local port districts. · Provide technical assistance to ports.

• Encourage cooperation

among port districts. The commission, unlike a statewide port authority, would leave the day-to-day

operations of ports up to local districts. John M. Mohr, deputy general manager of the Oregon

International Port of Coos Bay and president of the ports association, said the group has not lined up lawmakers to sponsor the propos-

"We would like to have this introduced in the governor's legislative package," he

Mohr said port districts spent a lot of time in the 1985 legislative session "fighting for what we already had." By

creating a "cabinet-level commission," ports will have a greater voice in their future affairs, he added.

"We need some changes and we need to get some things done," Mohr said. "The system we're using now is seriously flawed.'

the state to spend \$75 million to \$100 million during the next five to seven years to fund port public works programs.

The money could come from entitlement funds, lottery revenue and the general fund, Mohr said. "The real problem in Ore-

gon is there are not enough jobs," Mohr said. "Money should be directed toward projects that create jobs.' The state's largest port, the Port of Portland, gave its

backing to the plan, but opposition was voiced by officials from some of the state's smaller ports. Wilbur Ternyik, a commissioner for the Port of Siuslaw, said he is worried that

the concerns of smaller ports would be pushed aside if a commission is formed. Sen. Bob Packwood, R-Ore., told the port representatives Friday he could support a statewide ports commission if the panel could succeed in getting ports to agree on

priorities for projects in the In the past, he said, ports have competed for projects, putting him in the difficult spot of choosing one port over

"If you can get a commission that will say, 'This is the No. 1 project,' and can get everyone to agree, that would be wonderful," Packwood said. "My hunch is, that agreement would be hard to

TOTE's New Barge Line

TACOMA — Despite lean times in the Alaska trade, Totem Ocean Trailer Express is diversifying, as a major investor in a new barge service between Puget Sound and Anchorage.

The new service, to be called Alaska Barge Lines, Inc., will start operations in early March, according to Gordon McMillan, that firm's president. Current plans are to operate two tugs and two flat-deck barges, which will shuttle between Anchorage and either Seattle or Tacoma twice monthly. Neither the

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(Continued on page 29)



BARGE

(Continued from page 3) Puget Sound port nor the equipment lessor has been chosen, McMillan said.

McMillan said the barge service, expected to reach Anchorage in eight to nine days, will carry "non time-sensitive stuff, at the lower end of the rate spectrum." TOTE ships make the trip in 66 hours. McMillan doesn't expect much customer overlap between TOTE and the barge firm, but said some economies of scale might be achieved.