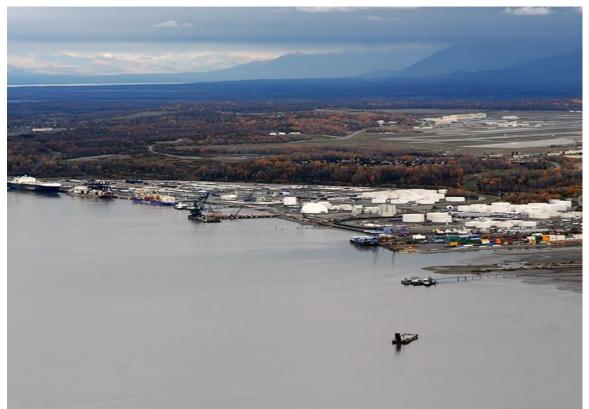
Municipality of Anchorage

Port of Alaska Modernization Program

Plan of Finance



Updated

January 12, 2023

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Mayor Dave Bronson



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Presentation Notes

All dollar amounts are based upon Jacobs' estimate using 'mid-point of construction' escalation figures which include inflation. All cost estimates are based upon October 2022 PAMP Rebaseline Budget Values. Numbers throughout may not foot due to rounding.





PAMP – Cost By Phase

Initial Planning & Startup	\$ 22.8 million
Phase I	
 Petroleum and Cement Terminal (PCT) 	\$ 220.9 million
Phase II A	
- Administrative Building (Complete Dec 2023)	\$ 11.1 million
- North End Stabilization Step 1 (Complete Dec 2024)	<u>\$ 132.0 million</u>
Total Phase II A	\$ 143.1 million
Phase II B	A second second second
- Cargo Terminal Replacement (Complete 2030)	<u>\$ 1.115 Billion</u>
Phase II Total	\$ 1.258 Billion
Phase III	
 Petroleum Terminal 2 (Complete 2032) 	\$ 185.2 million
Phase IV	
- North End Stabilization Step 2 (Complete 2031)	\$ 130 million
Phase V	
- Terminal 3 Demolition (Complete 2032)	<u>\$ 50.8 million</u>
1C2	
PAMP ALL Phases - Total Cost	\$1.867 Billion

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PAMP - Sources of Funds

PAMP ALL Phases - Total Cost \$1.867 Billion

Status of Possible Sources of Funds

- Municipality has authorization to sell \$200 million of revenue bonds
- State of Alaska Contribution 2022 Legislative Session which ended May 18
 - Budget Appropriation of \$100 million (\$25 million in SOA FY 2023 and \$75 million in SOA FY 2024)
 - Matching Appropriation of \$100 million to match \$100 million of federal funds when received
- State of Alaska 2023 Legislative Request is \$100 million
- Federal Earmarks led by Senator Murkowski \$5 million request for FY 2023
- Federal Competitive Infrastructure Investment & Jobs Act (IIJA) Grants & Credit Programs
 - Federal Port Infrastructure Development (PIDP) Grants
 - Annual Application Process, subject to NOFO
 - \$68.7 million applied for in May 2022 and received award of \$68.7 million in November 2022
 - Federal Rebuilding American Infrastructure with Sustainability and Equity (RAISE) Grants
 - Formerly BUILD and TIGER Grants
 - Will be applied for annually in out years subject to NOFO
 - INFRA & MEGA Programs not available in 2022 for the Port, will apply in 2023 pursuant to a NOFO
 - USDOT TIFIA & RRIF Loan Guarantee (Credit) Programs First step Letter of Interest has been delivered to DOT and any
 debt financing and will be repaid with tariff surcharges
- Port Revenue Bonds will be authorized by the Municipal Assembly as required to complete full funding and will be repaid with surcharge revenue
- MARAD Judgment Funds
 - The \$367 million Award by the Federal Court of Claims has been appealed by DOJ

Note: NOFO means Notice of Funding Opportunity

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Phase II B - Cargo Docks Replacement

Total Cost & Source of Funds

Cargo Terminal Total Cost = \$1.115 Billion

	Cost	Percent
 Municipality Funding 	\$200 million	18%
Revenue Bonds Authorized \$200 million (Not Ye	et Issued)	and a state of the
- SOA 2022 Contribution	\$200 million	18%
\$100 million are matching funds subject to receip	A CONTRACTOR OF MAN	
 Federal Grant Funding* To Be Requested 	\$715 million	<u>64%</u>
Source of Funds – Phas	e II B - Cargo Docks Rep	lacement
	<u>\$1.115 Billion</u>	<u>100%</u>

 Any Shortfall from the SOA Matching Funds and Federal Grant Funding will be made up by a request to the Municipal Assembly for additional revenue bond debt issuing authority and any such debt will be repaid by Surcharge revenue.



Phase II B - Cargo Docks Replacement

Repayment of Borrowed Funds SURCHARGE CONCEPT

Assumption:

In the case where the Municipality borrows funds, we are assuming that the debt service on those funds will be repaid by a Per Ton / Per Barrel Surcharge

- The Surcharge occurs at the point when the tonnage and petroleum crosses the Docks at the Port, in either direction
- Therefore, everything that crosses the Docks is subject to the Surcharge, regardless of where the goods and materials are delivered in Alaska
- It is very difficult to quantify the financial impact of the Surcharge on any particular item; such as a gallon of milk, a gallon of fuel, lumber delivered to various lumber yards across the State or a pickup truck delivered to Fairbanks or Kenai
- It is up to the Port User that pays the Surcharge as to how each Port User passes on the Surcharge to its Customers
- Further, if the Surcharge is passed on to the Port User's Customers, it is up to the Customer that pays the Surcharge as to how each Customer passes on the Surcharge to the ultimate Consumer

Conclusion:

The Surcharge is a fair, transparent, equitable and legally defensible Concept

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Phase II B - Cargo Docks Replacement With SOA & Federal Contribution Scenario

Total Cost of Cargo Docks Replacement = \$1.115 Billion

Assumptions:

 Municipality - Future Borrowing 	\$200 million
 2022 State of Alaska Contribution 	\$200 million
 Federal Grants Contribution 	\$715 million
	In the second
Increase Cost Per Ton to Pay Debt Service	Summaria a
240	
 Terminal Tariff No. 9.1 User Fee Per Ton 	\$ 3.30
 Tariff Reduction for 2020 Bonds 	<\$ 0.82>
 Surcharge Per Ton Increase for Required 	A DOLLAR STREET
Revenue for All Debt Service	<u>\$ 5.16</u>
New Per Ton Cost	\$ 7.64

The increase of \$4.34 is a 131% increase of the current tariff amount

These numbers are based upon 2021 actual tonnage and actual revenues \$3.30 equates to the calculation of gross revenues divided by tonnage for comparative purposes





Phase II B - Cargo Docks Replacement With 2022 State of Alaska Contribution Scenario

Total Cost of Cargo Docks Replacement = \$1.115 Billion

Assumptions:

 Municipality Must Borrow 	\$815 million
 2022 State of Alaska Contribution 	\$200 million
- Federal Grants - Reasonable Expectation	\$100 million
 No further SOA of Federal Grants 	and the second
Increase Cost Per Ton to Pay Debt Service	THE REAL PROPERTY OF
And a state of the	
- Terminal Tariff No. 9.1 User Fee Per Ton	\$ 3.30
 Tariff Reduction for 2020 Bonds 	<\$ 0.82>
 Surcharge Per Ton Increase for Required 	ALL ADDRESS OF TAXABLE
Revenue for All Debt Service	\$19.99
New Per Ton Cost	\$22.47

The increase of \$19.17 is a 581% increase of the current tariff amount

These numbers are based upon 2021 actual tonnage and actual revenues \$3.30 equates to the calculation of gross revenues divided by tonnage for comparative purposes



ENTIRE PAMP With 2022 SOA Contribution & Municipality Scenario

ENTIRE PAMP - Cost \$1.867 Billion

PAMP Phase I and Initial Planning & Startup is complete and cost \$243.8 million The Remaining PAMP will cost \$1.623 Billion

Assumptions Municipality Must Borrow \$1.323 Billion ٠ 2022 State of Alaska Contribution \$200 million \$100 million Federal Grants – Reasonable Expectation Increase Cost Per Ton to Pay Debt Service Terminal Tariff No. 9.1 User Fee Per Ton \$ 3.30 <\$ 0.82> Tariff Reduction for 2020 Bonds Surcharge Per Ton Increase for Required **Revenue for All Debt Service** \$32.24 **New Per Ton Cost** \$34.72

The increase of \$31.42 is a 952% increase of the current tariff amount

These numbers are based upon 2021 actual tonnage and actual revenues \$3.30 equates to the calculation of gross revenues divided by tonnage for comparative purposes

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PAMP Summary of Various Funding Scenarios

The Current Terminal Tariff No. 9.1 User Fee Per Ton is \$3.30

- If the Municipality borrows \$200 Million for Cargo Docks Replacement
 - The per ton Surcharge increases \$4.34, up 131%
- If the Municipality borrows \$815 Million for Cargo Docks Replacement
 The per ton Surcharge increases \$19.17, up 581%

If the Municipality Borrows \$1.323 Billion To Finish the Entire PAMP

The Per Ton Surcharge Increases \$31.42, up 952%

These numbers are based upon 2021 actual tonnage and actual revenues\$3.30 equates to the calculation of gross revenues divided by tonnage for comparative purposes





Future Funding Summary Phase II B - Cargo Docks Replacement

The Municipality will continue to pursue \$815 million from other funding sources for the Cargo Docks Replacement

Future SOA and federal funding, in addition to Port Revenue Bonds, will provide the needed funding for the Cargo Docks Replacement of Phase II B of the PAMP

The Port of Alaska is a 'tsunami proof' general cargo port unlike any other port in Alaska

In order to enter into contracts for the Phase II B, we must have a designated/committed funding source for \$1.115 Billion for the completion of the Cargo Terminal no later than 2025, since they are being built as one continuous Dock

<u>Dock 1 of the Cargo Terminal is replaced first and will provide</u> <u>"Food Security" for the residents of the State of Alaska</u>



Port of Alaska Modernization Program Plan of Finance



